



UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA  
RIVERSIDE

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS  
SPECIAL SEMINAR

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DR. GILBERT STRANG  
MIT

“MULTIPLYING AND FACTORING MATRICES”

To compute  $AB$ , the first choice is rows of  $A$  times columns of  $B$ . But to understand  $AB$ , I believe that adding outer products (columns of  $A$  times rows of  $B$ ) is the best! I hope to show how 5 great factorizations are naturally described this way—as a sum of rank one matrices.

$$A = LU \quad A = QR \quad S = Q\Lambda Q^T \quad A = X\Lambda Y^T \quad A = U\Sigma V^T$$

Those come from elimination and Gram-Schmidt and eigenvalues and singular values: `lu`, `qr`, `eig`, and `svd`. In the process I would like to discuss the teaching of linear algebra.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 1<sup>ST</sup>, 2017  
SURGE 284  
2:10 - 3:00 P.M.



UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA  
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DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS  
**COLLOQUIUM**

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**DR. GILBERT STRANG**  
MIT

“SINGULAR VALUES OF MATRICES  
AND DATA SCIENCE”

The "fundamental theorem of linear algebra" tells us about orthogonal bases for the row space and column space of any matrix. More than that, it identifies the most important part of the matrix -- which is a central goal for a matrix of data. This talk will be partly about the underlying theory -- the Singular Value Decomposition -- and partly about some of its applications to data science and signal and image compression.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 1<sup>ST</sup>, 2017  
SURGE 284  
TEA TIME 3:40 P.M.  
TALK BEGINS 4:10 P.M.